

## REFLEXW data-format (from ver. 8.0)

One REFLEX raw-data profile consists of two files: the first is the data file with the extension DAT, the second the header file with the extension PAR. The name without the extension must be the same (e.g. YP000000).

The data files and header files always have to be seen in relation with each other. All the information of the header file is necessary for the correct reading of the data file. The two files are saved separately in order to facilitate a quick modification of the header files.

Reflexw has four different internal formats:

- new 16 bit integer (FormatCode = 2)
- new 32 bit floating point (FormatCode = 3)
- old 16 bit integer
- old 32 bit floating point

In the following chapter only the two "new" formats will be described.

### 1. Header files with the extension PAR or ??R

The names of these files only differ from the data files in their extension PAR instead of DAT for raw data files or ??R instead of ??T for processed files, respectively. Here information is stored concerning the whole file (e.g. profile coordinates, time increment etc.).

Since the internal structure of the headerfile is only of interest for users who want to read in data by own programs or create own data files (e.g. digital input of a signal trace for crosscorrelation), the file format (Type HeaderRecord) and the reading of the header file is explained with a small Pascal program (please notice: SmallInt - 2 byte, Word - 2 Byte, Integer - 4 Byte, Single - 4 Byte, Double - 8 Byte):

{ \$A- } { necessary for compatibility because in this case fields in record types are never aligned }

Const

```
MaxNumbComments = 12;
MaxNumberOfProcessingSteps = 40;
MaxGainValues = 8;
```

Type

```
ColorArray = ARRAY[1..16,1..2] OF SmallInt;
Processing = RECORD
    Sign : Str20;
    Parameters : Array[1..9] of SmallInt;
    FilterCode : SmallInt;
    SingleParameters : Array[1..4] of Single;
    ParameterBoolean : Array[1..4] of Boolean;
END;
ProcessingArray = Array[1..MaxNumberOfProcessingSteps] of Processing;
HeaderRecord = RECORD
    ParmStrings : Array[1..20] of String[20];
    ParmIntegers : Array[1..16] of Integer;
    ParmLongInt : Array[1..2] of Integer;
    ParmSingles : Array[1..20] of Double;
    ParmColors : ColorArray; { 64 byte }
    ParmComments : Array[1..MaxNumbComments] of Str20; {252 byte }
    ParmGainValues : Array[1..2,1..MaxGainValues] of Single; {64 byte }
    ParmSingleDummy : Array[1..10] of Double; {80 byte}
    ParmLongIntDummy : Array[1..4] of Integer; {16 byte }
    ParmProcessingFlow : ProcessingArray; {2440 byte}
```

END;

```
PROCEDURE GetParmRecord(DataHeader : HeaderRecord);
{ *** Procedure for reading the informations from the headerrecord *** }
```

VAR

```
ihelp : Integer;
```

BEGIN

```
With DataHeader do
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    ProjectName      := ParmStrings[1]; { project name }
    ProfileDirection := ParmStrings[2]; { profile direction (X,Y oder Z) }
    ProfileConstant  := ParmStrings[3]; { profile constant (X,Y oder Z) }
    MeasureArt       := ParmStrings[4]; { measure art }
    ProfileCoord     := ParmStrings[5]; { free }
    HelpString       := ParmStrings[6]; { free }
    HelpString       := ParmStrings[7]; { free }
    HelpString       := ParmStrings[8]; { free }
    PlotArt          := ParmStrings[9]; { plot mode e.g. Pointmode }
    HelpString       := ParmStrings[10]; { free }
    AutoName         := ParmStrings[11]; { automatic file name }
    DistanceDimension:= ParmStrings[13]; { distance dimension MM, CM or METER}
```

```

TimeDimension      := ParmStrings[14]; { time dimension ns, ms or ns}
ReceiverSequence  := ParmStrings[15]; { receiver sequence (plot) }
DistanceAxisName  := ParmStrings[16]; { name - distance axis }
TimeAxisName      := ParmStrings[17]; { name - time axis }
AmplitudeDimension := ParmStrings[18]; { amplitude dimension }
YgainFileName     := ParmStrings[19]; { filename used for manual gain (y) processing }
MeasureSamples    := ParmIntegers[1]; { number of samples }
ScansMeasured     := ParmLongInt[1]; { number of traces }
WiggleBlack       := ParmIntegers[3]; { blackening parameter in percent }
WiggleInc         := ParmIntegers[4]; { increment for wiggle-mode }
PointXArea        := ParmIntegers[5]; { range in x-direction for plotting in point-mode};
HelpInteger       := ParmIntegers[6]; { free }
CoordNumber       := ParmIntegers[7]; { profile number }
WiggleClip        := ParmIntegers[8]; { clipping parameter in percent }
FormatCode        := ParmIntegers[9]; { data format Code: 2: new 16 bit small-integer;
                                     3: new 32 floating point }

AGCWindowPlot     := ParmIntegers[10];{ AGC-window in samples }
HeaderMarker      := ParmIntegers[11];{ 0:datamarker, 1:headermarker }
NumberOfGainValues := ParmIntegers[12];{ number of gain values }
TraceIncrement    := ParmSingles[1]; { trace increment }
TimeIncrement     := ParmSingles[2]; { time increment }
TimeMeasured      := ParmSingles[3]; { measured time }
TimeBegin         := ParmSingles[4]; { time begin }
MarkerIncrement   := ParmSingles[5]; { free }
WiggleScale       := ParmSingles[6]; { scaling for wiggle mode }
ValueScaling      := ParmSingles[7]; { scaling for ASCII-conversion }
XCoordBegin       := ParmSingles[8]; {x-coordinate start of the profile }
YCoordBegin       := ParmSingles[9]; {y-coordinate start of the profile }
ZCoordBegin       := ParmSingles[10];{z-coordinate start of the profile }
XCoordEnd         := ParmSingles[11];{x-coordinate end of the profile }
YCoordEnd         := ParmSingles[12];{y-coordinate end of the profile }
ZCoordEnd         := ParmSingles[13];{z-coordinate end of the profile }
PointValueScale   := ParmSingles[14];{ plot scaling }
ShotPosition      := ParmSingles[15];{ shot position }
ShotReceiverDistance := ParmSingles[16]; { shot receiver distance }
NominalFrequency  := ParmSingles[17]; { nominal frequency }
ProfileIncrement  := ParmSingles[18]; { increment between 2 par.lines of a 3D-file }
CMPBin           := ParmSingles[19]; { CMP-bin for the CMP-sorting }
OffsetBin        := ParmSingles[19]; { offset-bin for the CMP-sorting }
for ihelp := 1 to 16 do
BEGIN
    Colors[ihelp,1] := ParmColors[ihelp,1];{start amplitude-color index}
    Colors[ihelp,2] := ParmColors[ihelp,2];{ end amplitude-color index}
END;
for ihelp := 1 to MaxNumComments do
    Comments[ihelp] := ParmComments[ihelp]; { 10 comments, 20 char. each}
ProcessingFlow := ParmProcessingFlow; {processing flow }
end;

```

The reading (writing) of a header file is performed by using a blockread(blockwrite) command. For writing a header file only the most important "HeaderRecord-Parameters" have to be set. For writing a file the setting of the following parameters is necessary:

a) ProfileDirection	ParmStrings[2] := ProfileDirection;
b) ProfileConstant	ParmStrings[3] := ProfileConstant;
c) MeasureSamples	ParmIntegers[1] := MeasureSamples;
d) TimeMeasured	.....
e) ScansMeasured	.....
f) TimeBegin	.....
g) TimeIncrement	.....
h) TraceIncrement	.....
i) XBegin-ZEnd	.....

```

VAR
    Header : HeaderRecord;
    OutputFile : File;

BEGIN
    MeasureSamples := 512; { for example }
    Assign(OutputFile, 'C:\REFLEX\DEMO\ROHDATA\TEST_000.PAR');
    Rewrite(OutputFile, SizeOf(Header));
    { *** Define Header *** }
    With Header do
    BEGIN
        ParmStrings[2] := 'X';
        ParmStrings[3] := 'Y';
        ....
        ParmIntegers[1] := 512; { *** for example **** }
        ... and so on
    END;
    BlockWrite(OutputFile, Header, 1);
    Close(OutputFile);

```

END;

## 2. data file with the extension DAT or ??T:

Each data file consists of a number of traces which consist of a trace header and the trace samples. The number of traces (ScansMeasured) and the number of trace samples (MeasureSamples) are saved in the header file. The maximum number of traces is 1048576. The maximum number of samples is 65000. The trace header and the trace samples are comprised in one record having the following structure (PASCAL example):

```
{SA-} {necessary for compatibility because in this case fields in record types are never aligned }

CONST
    MaxSampleNumber = 65000;

TYPE
    TraceArray = Array[0..MaxSampleNumber] of SmallInt;
    TraceSingleArray = Array[0..MaxSampleNumber] of Single;

TraceRecord =
    RECORD
        TraceNo          : Integer;          { ** actual trace number ** }
        NoOfSamples      : Integer;          { ** number of samples ** }
        IKomp            : Integer;          { ** component for 3-comp. registration ** }
        EnsembleNo       : Integer;          { ** Ensemble-number ** }
        CDPNo            : Integer;          { ** CDP-number ** }
        ShotNo           : Integer;          { ** Shot-number ** }
        GeophoneNo       : Integer;          { ** Geophone-number ** }
        TraceMarker      : SmallInt;         { ** < 0 : Marker ** }
        TraceTime        : Integer;          { *** time *** }
        TimeDel          : Single;           { ** timedelay ** }
        ShotElevation    : Double;           { ** shot elevation ** }
        Distance         : Double;           { ** distance ** }
        ShotOrt          : Array[1..2] of Double; { ** shot-coordinates ** }
        GeophoneOrt      : Array[1..2] of Double; { ** Geophone-coordinates ** }
        CDPOrt           : Array[1..2] of Double; { ** CDP-coordinates ** }
        RecElevation     : Double;           { ** actual elevation ** }
        TraceGain        : Single;
        Timecollect      : Double;
        Dummies          : Array[1..8] of Single;

        TraceData        : TraceArray;      { ** data for new 16 bit integer format** }
    { OR   SingleTraceData : TraceSingleArray; { ** data for new 32 bit floating point format** }
        }
    END;
```

Each data trace therefore consists of a trace header of constant size and the trace samples (SingleTrace), an array whose size is determined dynamically by the number of samples in the file header (MeasureSamples+1). The maximum number of samples per trace is 65000. The trace samples are either saved as 16 Bit SmallInt-Precision (new 16 bit integer format) or 32 bit floating point format (new 32 bit floating point format). The dataformat is given within the fileheader (see parameter format code in section 2). In Pascal the reading of a complete data trace is declared as follows:

```
VAR
    Trace : TraceRecord;
    OutputFile : File;
    MeasureSamples, Number, NumRead : Integer;
    InputSize : LongInt;

BEGIN
    MeasureSamples := 512; { for example }
    InputSize := SizeOf(Trace);
    InputSize := InputSize-2*(MaxSampleNumber-MeasureSamples);
    Assign(OutputFile, 'C:\REFLEX\DEMO\ROHDATA\TEST_000.DAT');
    Rewrite(OutputFile, InputSize);
    for Number := 1 to ScansMeasured do
    BEGIN
        With Trace do
        BEGIN
            { *** Define the traceheader *** }
            TraceNo := Number;
            NoOfSamples := MeasureSamples;
            ..... and so on
            { *** Define the trace data *** }
            for i := 1 to MeasureSamples do
                SingleTrace[i] := ????
            END;
            BlockWrite(OutputFile, Trace, 1);
        END;
        Close(OutputFile);
    END;
END;
```

### 3. Pick data with the extension PCK:

A pick data file consists of a header and a dynamic number of pick data blocks. The max. Number of picks is restricted to is 1048576. The header word NoOfPoints defines the number of pick data blocks.

The header is defined by:

```
LineGraphHeaderRecord = Record
    Code1 : Str40;
    DistanceDimension,TimeDimension : Str20;
    CorrDataFileName : Str20;
    HelpByte : Byte;
    NoOfPoints : Integer;
    LayerNumber : Integer;
    LineGraphCode : Integer;
    PickColor : Integer;
    DummyInteger : Array[1..1] of Integer;
    LayerVelocity,SRDistance : Single;
    DummySingle : Array[1..3] of Single;
END;
```

Each pick datablock is defined by:

```
LineGraphRecord = Record    { ** 84 byte size ** }
    ShotX,ShotY,ShotZ,RecX,RecY,RecZ : Double;
    Distance      : Double;
    Value         : Double; {from Version 8, previous Single value }
    Amplitude     : Single;
    Velocity      : Single;
    TraceNo      : Integer;
    Code         : Integer;
    ShotNo       : Integer;
END;
```

The total pick record is given by:

```
TotalLineGraphRecord = Record
    LineGraphHeader : LineGraphHeaderRecord;
    LineGraphValues : ^LineGraphArray;
END;
```